

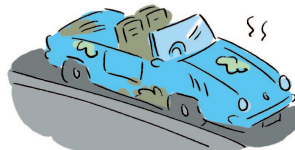
Boy: Dad, I'm going to the cinema with Jordi.
Can I have £20?
Dad: Hmm. Have you cleaned the car?
Boy: Yes, I have.
Dad: Have you tidied your room?
Boy: Yes, I have.
Dad: Well, OK then.

Presentation

Use the present perfect to talk about a past action which has a present result.



I've cleaned the car. =
The car is clean now.



I haven't cleaned the car. =
The car is dirty now.

You don't say exactly when it happened. (don't say *I have cleaned the car yesterday*.)

Form the present perfect with *have/has + past participle*.

Affirmative and negative

| | | |
|------|---------|---------------------------------------|
| I | | |
| You | 've | |
| We | haven't | |
| They | | cleaned the car. tidied your room. |
| He | 's | |
| She | hasn't | |

Yes/No questions

| | | |
|------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Have | you we they | |
| | | cleaned the car? tidied your room? |
| Has | he she | |

Past participle

- Regular past participles end in *-ed*:
borrow → *borrowed*.
- Many verbs have irregular past participles:
buy → *bought*, *break* → *broken*.

See page 235: Irregular verbs

Short answers

| | | |
|------|---------------------|----------|
| Yes, | I / you / we / they | have. |
| | he / she | has. |
| No, | I / you / we / they | haven't. |
| | he / she | hasn't. |

Key vocabulary Daily events: do the washing-up, comb your hair, clean your shoes, clean your teeth, have a shower, iron your clothes, tidy your desk

1 Write affirmative and negative sentences. Use the present perfect.

comb his hair

1 Mark 's combed his hair.2 Rick hasn't combed his hair.

iron his shirt

3 Mark

4 Rick

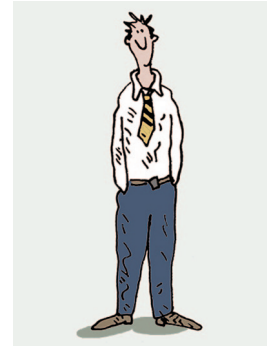
clean his shoes

5 Mark

6 Rick



Mark



Rick

2 Complete the sentences. Use the present perfect.

- 1 I 've cleaned (clean) my teeth.
- 2 She (leave) her bag on the table.
- 3 We (not finish) our homework.
- 4 They (have) breakfast.
- 5 You (not do) the washing-up.
- 6 He (tidy) his desk.
- 7 We (buy) a new car.
- 8 He (made) lots of mistakes.

3 Write sentences using the verbs in brackets.

- 1 I can't find my credit card. (lose) I've lost my credit card.
- 2 Julio's got my dictionary. (borrow)
- 3 Christina's wearing a new top. (buy)
- 4 The car was moving. Now it isn't. (stop)
- 5 I dropped my phone and now it doesn't work. (break)

4 Complete the conversation with questions. Then listen and check.

Mother: Peter! It's five to nine. Are you ready?

Peter: Yes, Mum.

Mother: 1 Have you cleaned your teeth?

Peter: Yes, of course I have.

Mother: 2 a shower?

Peter: Yes, Mum.

Mother: 3 your hair?

Peter: Yes, I have.

Mother: 4 your shoes?

Peter: Yes, I have.

Mother: No, you haven't. They're dirty. Oh, Peter ...

