Unit 12

Unit 12 Revision

1 Circle the correct options to complete the text.

With a population of ¹ also /only 5.5 million inhabitants, Denmark is ² just / even a small nation, but when it comes to economic success and social welfare, the Danes really stand tall. Like most people in Europe, they pay high taxes, ³ only / even as much as 50% of their income. Life is not cheap in Denmark, either, as prices, ⁴ too / also, are quite high. So what is the secret of their success? For one thing, Denmark believes in free labour markets and healthy competition. Yet they see the importance of welfare ⁵ as well / only. The result is a state that adjusts and guides rather than controls the economy. ⁶ As well / Also, most of the tax paid is put back directly into the country – or rather into its people, which they consider their most valuable resource. ⁶ Even / Only this way, the Danes say, can a country begin to go forward.

- **2** Circle the correct option.
 - 1 My father paid for the car repairs *just* / too.
 - 2 *As well, | Also,* being on time is very important if you want to secure your job in our company.
 - 3 I have *too | just* paid the rent for this month.
 - 4 Tom *also is / is also* a hard-working businessman.
 - 5 Stop laughing it *even isn't | isn't even* funny.
 - 6 She as well / only told me about her financial problems after I asked her twice.

3	Write sentences with the prompts. Use causative forms.	
	1	We / have / the bank employee / close / our account / earlier this morning
		We had the bank employee close our account earlier this morning.
	2	I / have / a colleague / look at / my proposal / yesterday
	3	My sister / get / her friend / paint / her flat / last week
	3	wiy sister / get / ner mend / paint / ner nat / last week
	4	I think / I / have / my office / redecorate / again soon
	5	Elaine / have / a trained nanny / look after / her children last weekend
	,	
	6	I / always / get / an accountant / help me / with my tax form

Unit 12

Unit 12 Revision

4	Co	implete the sentences with the correct causative form of the verbs.
	1	I <u>had</u> (have) all my windows <u>cleaned</u> (clean) yesterday.
	2	Are the children looking forward to(have) their photos(take)?
	3	George(get) an accountant(organise) his finances last week.
	4	Sonia is so busy that she(have) a woman(cook) for her every day
	5	I(have) the reports(copy) right now.
	6	Do you always (get) a travel agent (arrange) your holidays for you?
5	Ch	coose the correct option (a, b or c) to complete the sentences.
	1	Itwice a year. a get checked my teeth b have my teeth to check c get my teeth checked
	2	Why does shesomeone to pay her bills? a get b got c have
	3	A: How did you carry all those heavy boxes? B: I a got Joe help me b had Joe help me c had to help me Joe
	4	Each year on our birthdays, my mother used to a have taken our portraits b get taken our portraits c have our portraits taken
	5	They prefer to get another assistant them in the office. a help b to help c helped
	6	Heyesterday. a had fixed his computer b had his computer fixed c got fixed his computer